OF HONOR AT THE HAMILTON CLUB.

JUSTICE BARTLETT, EDWARD M. SHEPARD AND EX-COMMISSIONER WHITE SPEAK IN GLOWING TERMS OF HIS FIFTY YEARS OF LABOR

AT THE CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS-

Another incident in the celebration of the golder jubilee of the Rev. Dr. R. S. Storrs passed, last night, into the history of this remarkable jubilee. This was a dinner given to the venerable pastor of the Church of the Pilgrims, at the Hamilton Club, in Brooklyn. Covers were laid for 165, and every place was taken. It was a remarkable audience that thus testified its admiration and respect for the distinguished clergyman.

Among those present were Edward Barr, treasurer of the Brooklyn Bridge; Professor Truman J. Backus, principal of Packer Institute; S. B. Chit-menden, R. Ross Appleton, Alderman Isaac H. Flamen B. Candler, ex-Congressman Will im J. Coombs, President David H. Cochran, of the Polytechnic Institute; Public Administrator Willam B. Davenport, Professor Franklin W. Hooper. William H. Maxwell, Lewis B. Reed, Clinton L. Rossiter, Jackson Wallace, the Rev. Dr. S. D. McConnell, City Works Commissioner Willis and Henry T. Wing.

JUSTICE BARTLETT'S SPEECH.

R was 9:30 o'clock when President McKeen, of club, introduced the first speaker, Justice Willard Bartlett, of the Supreme Court. Judge Bartlett said in part:

I shall ask you to withdraw your thoughts for a moment from this brilliant banqueting-room in which we sit feasting, as the nineteenth century draws toward its close, and go with me in imagination to the city of Boston in the year 1841. In that year, in the office of Rufus Choate, almost under the shadow of the dome of the Massachusetts State House, Richard Storrs was a law student.

chusetts state Floury.

The law effice of Rufus Choate was very different from a law office of the present day. The practic of the law had not degenerated into a mere trade it was a great profession there, as it may still be great profession everywhere, and the young may who had entered upon its study in Boston, in thos days, enjoyed the priceless privileges of witnessing the forensic contests of such glants as Rufu Choate and Daniel Welster, and listening to their matchless cloquence, for it was matchless in the

matchless reactive contacts of advocary.

In such surroundings Richard S. Storrs gave in such surroundings Richard S. Storrs gave many months of his youth to the study of a promany months of his youth to the study of the ministry. oratory of accession.

In such surroundings Richard S. Storrs gave many months of his youth to the study of a profession which he subsequently abandoned at the diciate of duty for a higher calling, the ministry of the Gospel Mr. Choate, who had then become a Senator of the United States, approved his course in an interesting letter written from Washington, in which he said: "All consideration of duty apart, I am inclined to think, as a mere matter of rational happiness—happiness from books, culture, social affections, the estimation of others and the sense of general usefulness and of consideration, you have chosen wisely. Duty, however, I think was clear, and when it is clear it is peremptory." As a lawyer I am happy to think that our profession has done something for our henored guest. The service that he has rendered to men of all professions and of all pursuits cannot be told in one evening or in many evenings. But when all is said and done, my thought of him will be that which he expresses of Bernard of Clairvaux, when he says: "I think of him in his personal spirit, contemplative, devout, intensely practical, yet marvellously lofty; self-sacrificing, sincere, and passionately devoted to what he esteemed the noblest ends; and he represents the consecrated heart, humble, intrepid and near to the Master's, from which civilization must always take its finest and divinest force." (Applause.)

MR. SHEPARD TO THE CLUB'S GUEST.

MR. SHEPARD TO THE CLUB'S GUEST. Edward M. Shepard was next introduced. He eceived a generous ovation, and spoke in part as

follows:

I have never, until now, said one thing to Dr Storrs, nor could I say it unless in some companilike this where he cannot prevent. As many, many others can say the same, it is not too personal shall never forget the Sunday after Sunday, now nearly a quarter of a century ago, when I strayer from the ritual of my own church to sit within hearing of your words. I shall never forget how again and again, stilled with a touch of erstacy, left those stone portais on Henry-st., how there opened to my young vision the glorious, though solid, roads of right; how there shone after off noble and cloud-capped towers, not of ambition, but of exalted and self-denying duty, towers which you had made me see more really than castles in Spator in netures of the voyage of life. These ideal my thousands of companious and I often too often tell fall or break. The wear of life and trial an ort weakness have cracked or even shattered therefore, too often. Again and again, however, until my we have taken them, and, please God, we shalfer many years take them to the same maste workman to be refired and restored to their early and rightful gery.

Principal Truman J. Backus of Packer Institut.

Principal Truman J. Backus of Packer Institute made a speech which at first was purely humorots. As he proceeded, however, he became serious, and spoke in eloquent terms of Dr. Storrs' work in Brooklyn. After Professor Backus had fijished, a telegram of congratulation from the Ciamber of Commerce was read, signed by Alexan-

Works Commissioner White, who followed, was received with cheers. It was some roments before he could speak, and when he did

As I look along the line of those who voice the greetings of this club to Dr. Storrs to-night I am struck with the fact that not one of us can speak fram his own recollection of the Brooklyn which our guest found here in 1846. Amid changes so many and so rapid as to confuse thought, it is a confort and a rest to find one relation unchanged one tie unbroken. We congratulate the Church of the Pilgrims that it has been the centre of a happy, fruitful ministry—a ministry which its gates could not confine. We congratulate the church that, under this, its only pastor, its life has spread and rooted until the names of pastor and people are written in the walls, and are living in the work of a multitude of other churches, of eministries of libraries, of institutions and associations for all the varied forms of philanthropy.

And to-night we bring our greetings to the honored pastor who, in these fifty years of service, has never wished an assistant, who has held the humbler duties of his high office as joys to be coured, not as drudgery to be avoided. We thank him that he has given no encouragement to the efforts of other vineyards to secure this master laborer, that he has aftested thus, as in countless other ways, his loyalty not only to his church, but to the city of his choice.

DR. STORRS WARMLY GREETED.

DR. STORRS WARMLY GREETED.

At the conclusion of Mr. White's remarks a toas to Dt Storrs was drunk standing. President Me Keen then introduced the guest of the evening. As he arose there was a tremendous ovation. Frankin W. Hooper was first on his feet, and following him all present arose, waved their handker When they had taken their

lowing him all present arose, waved their handkerchiefs and cheered. When they had taken their
seats Er. Storrs said, in part:

It is hardly necessary for me to say that you will
recognize at once that I am not the person whose
picture is before you. That was some ancestor of
mine, taken when he was in very depressed spirits.
(Laughtet) I am unfeignedly and profoundly
humbled by the manifold and warm testimonials of
regret and sympathy from my fellow-citizens which
have come to me in the recent days, and which come
to me here to-night. I do not recognize any special
ment in unself for having remained in Brooklyn as
long as I have, and done whatever work came to me
as well as I could. I had good early training. I have
always been indebted to the honored man whose
name has been mentioned. Mr. Choate, who was
kind to me in my youth, not only for instructions at
that time but for the inspiration of a great and
animating example, the example of a noble scholar,
the example of an unsurpassed advocate, the example of i man whose heart was tender as a child's
and true is steel. I came to Brooklyn after such a
training, and after familiarity with the Suffolk bar
and with impressions received there which I have
never forgotien.

But I an grateful for the kind words which you
have spoken this evening, and for the kind welcome
which you have given to me. I am the more grateful because you greet me as a neighbor and friend,
and as one from whom you have, no doubt, differed
many times. But you recognize my right of 'free
ophion and free speech as I recognize your right to
an equal freedom of judgment and an equal freedom of speech, and every one of us knows that no
man can be expected to be as ecclesiastically, as
he is himself. (Laughter.)

I trust the club will go on with their spirit still
guiding and quickening and elevating with the spirit
of the great soldier and jurist and statesman, whose
name it bears and whose image it has set up before
the eyes of all whose image it has set up before
the eyes of all whose

## THE WEEK'S VARIETY BILLS.

At Koster & Bial's this week one of the best pro rammes of the season is presented. It is headed the Glinserettis, who are really wonderful acro-They were a prominent feature of the Bar-show last summer. Williams and Walker have made a new good impression, and the Rogers brothers have renewed their old one. O'Brien and Havel do an attractive act, and Werner and Rieder sing Tyrolese songs. Miss Cissy Fitzgerald and the Barrisons remain on the bill.

Pleasure Palace. The list of entertainers this week includes the three sisters Macarte, in the wire act; n and Dubois, in difficult acrobatic tricks Bertoldi, the equilibrist; Spink and Spink, burlesque gymnasts; Ada Deaves, Parkinson and Roth, Barr and Evans, the Blondells, Leah Starr, Mabel Arnold, the Althea sisters, Annie Sylvester, trick bicyclist; Al Lubin, Silver and Spark, and Joe Bardman, monologue entertainer. It is announced that on Thanksgiving Day the continuous performance will begin at 3:30 a. m.

The sprightly songs of Miss Vernona Jarbeau hold the chief place on the programme at Proctor's Theatre. Twenty-third-st., this week. Her efforts are seconded by those of Binns and Binns. Count by, Mile, Vonare, Jean Clermont's animals, with Mr. Boutelle does not expect war with Spain. die which plays "The Last Rose of Sum- Speaking of the tariff Mr. Boutelle said that be

DR. STORRS THEIR GUEST. | mer" on the plano; the Pantzer brothers, Post and Clinton, dancers; Maud Beall Price, mimic; McCale and Danlels, the Gleasons, St. Clair and Lorena, Miller and May, Glimore and Boshall, the sisters Onri, globe-jugglers; Merritt and Gallagher, acrobats; Francis J. Bryant, and Ella Morris, ventrilo-

Lew Dockstader finds as warm a welcome when appears at Tony Pastor's Theatre as he used to find when he had a theatre of his own up in Broadway, and he has no such demon of bad luck to contend with as went with the lease of that use. Among the others who make up the long bill at Tony Pastor's this week are Miss Maud Raymond in serio-comic songs; Miss Cora Routt, the Nelson trio, Welby, Pearl, Keys and Nellis, clog quartet; Miss Katherine Gyies, Harry Thompson, Miss June Dechamp, dancer; the Nondescript Trio, Edwards and Kernell, in their burlesque sketch; Barr and Evans James Macy, in descriptive songs; O. K. Sato and Tony Pastor, in new songs and parodies.

There are no interruptions in the year-round series of concerts at the Eden Musée. The wax-works are there always, too.

## RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

MINISTER TAYLOR ON PLEASANT T RMS WITH THE MADRID OFFICIALS.

NO FEAR OF A RUPTURE EXPRESSED AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT-AN ABSURD WAR SCARE. Washington, Nov. 17 .- The extremity of fabrication in Spanish war scares was reached last night in the roundabout misinformation purporting to come from Madrid through a marine corps officer in New-York, and securing publicity through an alleged brother officer on

the Newark, at Norfolk, announcing that Min-

ister Hannis Taylor had received his passports

and been compelled to leave Spain. A more

nonsensical marine yarn of more circuitous circulation could scarcely be imagined. It is said authoritatively that the American Minister at Madrid was on most amicable terms with the Spanish authorities all day yesterday, as evidenced by a cable dispatch received from him by Secretary Olney last night, presumably telling of the success of the new Spanish loan, and it is also said that Minister Tayisn loan, and it is also said to-day, and there does not appear to be any possible contingency that will cause a rupture for the next day or

While Mr. Taylor over six months ago might While Mr. Taylor over six months ago might have had some exciting passages in his diplomatic negotiations, recently he has had plain sailing, and there is not the slightest friction between Spain and the United States, either in Washington or Madrid. It is also declared at the State Department that when Minister Taylor does eventually start for home the announcement will not be made through marine officers at Norfolk.

#### THE SPANISH LOAN BOOM.

London, Nov. 17 .- A dispatch from Madrid to "The Central News," says that the Spanish loan has b subscribed for to the amount of 579,000,000 pesetas, though only 250,000,000 pesetas were required. The sum total of the loan authorized by the Queen Regent was 400,000,000 pesetas, but the Government degent was 400,000,000 peseths, but the Government de-cided to ask for only 250,000,000 pesetas, reserving the remaining 150,000,000 pesetas, for which there was no immediate need.

The success of the Government in floating this internal loan is regarded as assuring the Govern-ment's ability to secure a foreign loan should it ever become necessary, and the Government is greatly enoughed.

accuraged.

It has been decided to send 10,000 troops to the hilippine Islands at once, in addition to the 6,000 hich are already under orders to leave for Manila.

ALLEGED FILIBUSTERS ON TRIAL. Colonel Emelio Nunez and Captain Charles B. Dickman, accused of having violated the neutrality aws by ailing and abetting an armed expedition to Cuba, were called to trial in the criminal branch of the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Addison Brown, yesterday. This was Captain Dickman's first appearance here as an alleged filibuster, out Colonel Nunez has become a familiar figure through having been connected with nearly every

fillbustering case tried in this district. The specific charge against Colonel Nunez in this case is that he assisted in organizing and sending an expedition to Cuba in the steamship Laurada on May 8 last. Of this vessel Captain Dickman is alleged to have been in command.

In the present trial United States District-Attorney Macfarlane and his assistant, Jason Hin-man, appear for the Government, Colonel Nunez-being represented by General Benjamin F. Tracy and Horatio S. Rubens. Leon J. Benoit appeared for Dickman.

and Horatio S. Rubens. Leon J. Benoît appeared for Dickman.

Nearly all the talesmen examined expressed their sympathy with the Cabans, but those who were accepted said this would not prevent them from rendering an impartial verdiet. The jury chosen was as follows: Elliott H. Darling (foreman, liquors, No. 75 Tenth-ave.; James Cousins, Jr., shoes, No. 137 Grand-st.; James G. K. Duer, banker, No. 130 Pearlist.; Samuel Rosenthal, No. 1 Broadway; Thomas S. Ollive, crackers, No. 52 Elizabeth, st., Richard T. Davies, agent, No. 14: Liberty-st.; Eugene H. Paddock, drygoods, No. 240 Broadway; Horace J. Fairchild, vice-president, No. 24 Church-st.; James H. Duffle, produce, No. 646 Hudson-st.; Henry Budelman, merchant, No. 52 Warren-st. The trial will go on to-day.

FLORIDA'S GOVERNOR FEARS WAR. Indianapolis, Nov. 17 (Special).-Governor Matthews Indianapolis.

Indian

attend a convention called for January 20, 1807, at Tampa, for the purpose of considering means of de-fence for the Southern seaboard. It is also proposed to discuss means for the betterment of Southern har-bors. The Governor is requested to appoint such delegates as he sees fit, and to forward the names to H. J. Cooper, secretary of the Tampa Board of Trade. J. Cooper, secretary of the Tampa Hoard of Trade.
The Florida Governor indicates a fear of a conflict
with Spain. Among other things he says: "As loyal
citizens of the Republic it behooves us to heed the
admonitions of wisdom and endeavor to speedily place
our defenceless Southern ports in a condition to protect us from the possible peril of foreign invasion."

WEYLER SAID TO BE ADVANCING.

London, Nov. 17.—"The Morning Post" will to-mor-ow publish a dispatch from Madrid saying that adices received there show that Captain-General Wey-er continues to advance into the mountains in the interior of the Province of Pinar dei Rio, his line march being southward between Mariel and Bah Honda. He has captured a large number of stra giers from Macco's forces. Macco, according to advices, continues to retire as the Spaniards advan-being afraid to risk a battle.

## JOHN D. HART INDICTED AGAIN.

Philadelphia, Nov. 17.-The Grand Jury in the nited States District Court to-day found three true sills of indictment against John D. Hart. Mr. Hart's bills of indictment against John D. Hart. Mr. Hart's alleged connection with various fillbustering expedi-tions to Cuba has made him well known, and the in-dictments found against him to-day are based upon charges of fillbustering. Mr. Hart has already heen arrested several times, but heretofore the Govern-ment has falled to prove its case against him.

## MANLEY WANTS NO OFFICE.

HE SAYS HE WOULD DECLINE IT IF ONE WERE OFFERED TO HIM.

Augusta, Me., Nov. 17 .- " Kennebec Journal" will publish to-morrow morning, the following self-explanatory letter from Joseph H. Manley:

will publish to-morrow morning, the Manleys self-explanatory letter from Joseph H. Manleys Augusta, Me., November 17, 1856.

Editor "Kennebec Journal:" The Augusta correspondent of "The Lewiston Journal" in his letter of November 14 says: "Mr. Manley's many friends here would be pleased to see him fill one of the choice places within the gift of the Administration, if he desires it." I am grateful for this kind expression, and desire to take this opportunity to heartily thank my many friends in this State and throughout the country, who have written me in the same vein.

I desire, however, to state that I am not only not a candidate for any office. State or National, elective or appointive, of any nature whatsoever, but that I should not accept any office, were litendered to me. My business interests demand and must receive my entire attention.

I shall take the same deep interest in the welfare of the Republican party in the future that I have in the past, but my efforts for it will be those of a private citizen, who desires for reward only the consciousness of duty done in a great cause.

## SOME IDEAS ABOUT THE TARIFF.

Congressman C. A. Boutelle, of Maine, chairman of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday, having come to New-York to attend the banquet of the Chamber of Commerce. During the campaign he made speeches in California, Oregon and Washington, and on his way East stopped at Canton to congratulate Major

McKinley.

Mr. Boutelle is enthusiastic about the Navy. "I believe." he said yesterday, "that the Navy should be constantly strengthened. I can remember when we could not build a battle-ship here because we did not have the material. Now we do not have to go abroad for anything, and I think we can to-day build from our materials the best warships in th

world."

voted for the Dingley bill, as it was one for immediate relief, adding: "I do not know whether or not it can be passed in this Congress, because it is possible that some of the sliver Senators, with the aid of Democrats, may block it; but I do favor a bill that will raise sufficient revenue to run the Government, and I think we should pass such a bill at one."

Robert P. Porter, Editor of "The Cleveland Suspected."

Government, and I think we should pass such a bill at one."

Robert P. Porter, Editor of "The Cleveland World," and the well-known tariff expert, was in the city yesterday on his way to Boston. Concerning the tariff Mr. Porter said: "I believe that a broad policy should be established. We should have reciprocity and reach out for trade in every direction." Mr. Porter said that he did not necessarily favor a high tariff, but that he feit there should be enough money raised to run the Government. - He thought that it would be an excellent idea to establish a permanent Tariff Board.

#### BIXBY'S PRONUNCIAMENTO.

HE AND ANOTHER JIMOBRIEN PATRIOT VOTE UNANIMOUSLY FOR THE "OPENING OF THE FREE-SILVER CAMPAIGN OF 1900.

The Jimobriens, otherwise the Young Demo of the City of New-York, got out a long address and resolutions last evening, which came from the trenchant pen of ex-Senator F. M. Bixby. proceeding was called the "opening of the free-silver campaign of 1900." Mr. Bixby and one other ters of the organization, Forty-second-st. of them voted against the declaration, and Mr. Bixby, as chairman, pronounced the action unanimous The address begins with the statement that the Jimobriens regard the defeat of William J. Bryan as unfortunate, but they cannot look upon it as overwhelming. "In the city of New-York," they say, "the outcome was in the highest degree unsatisfactory and totally unwarranted. Had Mr. Bryan the support justly due to him, and had he not been treacherously dealt with, his majority in this city would not have been less than 30,000 We refer with pride to the fact that from the hour of his nomination until the closing of the polls th efforts of the Young Democracy were unceasing and untiring in the interest of Mr. Bryan. Not a man connected with our organization was disloyal, or even indifferent, but all labored with unexampled carnestness for success."
Unfaltering adherence to the "chief issue in the

carnestness for success."
Unfaitering adherence to the "chief issue in the late campaign," "the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1." is reaffirmed: flattering reference to W. J. Bryan's "statesmanship and ability" is made, and the "opposition of the Cleveland Administration to the Democracy which placed it in power" is spoken of as "a disgraceful exhibition of ingratitude." It is further asser, et that "the destriot from the Democratic party of a class of men who, failing in their purpose to rule the party, were willing to destroy it, is not a regrettable circumstance. The party is better and purer without them."

The resolutions contain the following: "Resolved That, in our opinion, David B. Hill. William F. Sheehan, Roswell P. Flower, William C. Whitney, Perry Belmont, Thomas F. Gilroy, Hugh J. Grant, Jacob A. Cantor, John R. Fellows, W. Bourke Cockran, Frederic R. Coudert and William R. Grace have forfeited all claim to be hereafter recognized as Democratic." "Resolved, That we congratulate the Democratic party on the fact that the official existence of Grover Cleveland will terminate on the 4th of March next."

#### POLITICAL NOTES

It was understood that Assemblyman Nixon's anmust skirmish for the Speakership really had in view this time the leadership of the Assembly, but according to 'The Jamestown News,' which enjoys the dis-tinction of being the only silver Republican newspa-per in the State, 'Mr. Platt's state does not reveal the name of S. Fred Nixon either under the head of Speaker or eader.' It suggests, however, that Mr. Platt 'is displaying the wrong side of the slate for purposes known only to himself.' Nevertheless, 'The Olean Times' believes that should O'Grady be Speaker, as he undoubtedly will be, Nixon will lead the party forces on the floor. "The Jamestown News," which enjoys the dis-

The venerable L. E. Chittenden, who was Register of the Treasury under Lincoln, declares in "The Burlington Free Press" that the strongest impulse imparted to the Sound Money Democratic movemen was the declaration of ex-Minister Pheips for Mc Kinley.

The only two large cities of the Union that McKinley falled to carry were New-Orleans and Denver

Bryan's friends in Buffalo find grim satisfaction contemplating the fact that the Republican candidate for the Presidency received 1.000 more in Eric County than were given to David B.

In a declaration of faith in the incoming Administration, "The Penn Yan Express" believes that "President McKinley will surround himself with the best advisers, and will leave nothing undone that will be likely to contribute to the up-lifting of the Nation in its present low state. His past record, his dignified course before and since the election, and his evident appreciation of the causes of and aids to his triumph, all inspire to this belief."

Mr. Fassett is supposed to have set the standard f previousness in politics when, on the day of Morton's inauguration at Albany, he nominated the Governor as the Presidential candidate of the party in 18%, but the enthusiastic advocates of Mr. Black for the Presidency in 1990 throw Mr. Passett's effort entirely in the shade.

barrassment of it, is the chief difficulty, according to "The Westheld Republican," that the President-elect encounters in the formation of his Cabinet.

## THREW HIMSELF BEFORE A TRAIN.

AN UNKNOWN ITALIAN ATTEMPTS SUICIDE ON THE ELEVATED RAILROAD.

An unknown Italian, about thirty-eight years old. attempted to commit suicide last night by throwing himself in front of a Third-ave, elevated rail-road engine at the Bowery and Houston-st, down-town station. He was not fatally injured, but will ose one arm and possibly a foot. He is now at St

Vincent's Hospital.

It was about 11 o'clock, when half a dozen persons were waiting for a train at the station. The Italian stood at the edge of the platform. As the train steamed into the station the Italian jumped to the tracks. The engineer tried to bring his engine to a top, but it ran for about fifteen feet.

It was found that the man was lying between

It was found that the man was lying between the forward and rear trucks of the engine. With some difficulty he was pulled out, and Dr. C. J. Laffin, of No. 1.542 Madison-ave, found that the man's left arm had been crushed.

When questioned regarding the attempt to end his life the man was surly, and refused to give his name and address. He insisted that he had failen from the platform. Afterward he said that his wife had been sick, and that he did not want her to know of what had happened. He asked to be taken to the hospital and allowed to die. The ambulance surgeon says that the man's arm and foot will have to be amputated.

#### THE CHERRY SISTERS TRY AGAIN. The Cherry Sisters made their second appearance

at the Olympia Music Hall last night. The reports of how bad they were filled the house, such is the nature of New-York music-hall taste. The audience was noting and a few soft and harmless substances were thrown upon the stage. Before their perform-ance the Cherries declared that if eggs were thrown at them they would not appear again. No doubt there are rufflans in abundance in New-York, but it can scarcely be believed that any one in an uprown audience would go so far as that when the persons on the stage were women, whatever may be the memories of James Owen O'Connor. One man was forcibly removed from one of the upper boxes last night for disorderly conduct. at them they would not appear again. No doubt

## THE DINGLEY BILL.

REVENUES WITHOUT DELAY.

From The Burlington Hawkeye.

From The New-York Press. From The New-York Fress.

The question now is one of revenues. The Government hasn't money enough to meet its bills. It "staving off" its creditors from day to day. It huying things without knowing how to pay for the This disgraceful condition of affairs must be stopped in the property of the Dingley amended to fit present conditions, or a similar that will give us more revenues.

## THE BEST MEANS.

From The Springfield Union. The Government must have revenue and the Ding-ley bill is the best means at present obtainable for securing it. THE WISEST COURSE.

# From The Burlington Hawkeye. Why would it not be the wisest course, under the circumstances, to pass the Dingley bill, bring the deficit down to a moderate figure and postpone final tariff legislation until the regular session of the LVth Congress? A common patriotism ought to imperboth Democrats and Republicans, silver bugs and gold bugs, and even the cranky Populists, to agree upon this relief measure, or something like it.

NEUTRALITY NOT ENOUGH. From The Lewiston Journal.

So far, the gold Democratic Senators have declared they would not oppose the Dingley tariff bill; but that bill, can hardly be passed by neutrality.

THE SILVER MEN MAY BEAT IT. From The Philadelphia Press. . If a minority of silver Senators should determine, for any reason, to obstruct the measure they could succeed in defeating it. As the Senate would practically have only five or six weeks for its consideration it would be entirely in their power to delay action and thwart its passage.

SUSPECTED.

An object which looked like a dynamite bomb was picked up in the yard of the Grand Central Station last night, and created a flurry for a time among the railroad officials and the police of the sub-station near by. The "bomb" was found by William A. Budd, assistant track foreman, at 8:15 o'clock. It was lying between the tracks which run from the main building to the annex, opposite to Forty-third-st. Budd called to John Spies, the night station master, when he saw the object, and they took it to the police sub-station, where Acting Captain Lonsdale took charge of it

"bomb" was about eleven inches long and four inches in diameter. It weighed several pounds, and protruding from one end was a fuse four or five inches long. Although the police handled it carefully, a few grains of something fell out of it which Acting Captain Lonsdale placed on a piece of paper, and by setting fire to this discovered to be gunpowder or some similar explosive. He finally sent Detective George Logan with the mysterious package to the Bureau of Combustibles, in Fire Headquarters, at Sixty-seventh-st, and Third-ave. bureau was closed when the detective

reached the building, and he returned with his reached the building, and he returned burden to the sub-station. A message, however, was sent to George E. Murray, chief of the bureau, who lives at No. 156 West Twentieth-st., and he arrived at the sub-station at 11 o'clock. William arrived at the sub-station at 11 o'clock. William Henderson, the station master of the Grand Central, who lives at Melrose, had also been sum-moned from his home in the mean time, and when Chief Murray arrived he found an anxious group of railroad and police officials awaiting him. Some of them entered the sub-station with the chief "bomb" was reposing peacefully on the floor, while others chose to remain outside and admire the beauties of the night. Chief Murray gazed at the "bomb" for a moment

or two in silence, and then he said "Humph!"

After that he picked up the object, and, opening the large blade of his knife, proceeded slowly and cautiously, but with a firm hand, to dissect it. cut a slit in the package and found that it was filled with about two quarts of gunpowder. The powder had caked in the bottom of the package powder had caked it is to lead to the belief that it was incased in a metal tube. The fuse apparently had been made from the ends of a package of big freerackers. The package proved to be made of thin oilcloth. It had been made into a bag, and fastened to it was part of a newspaper, evidently published in Connecticut. An advertisement of the firm of "Elkins & Walke, No. 391 South Main-st., Waterbury." was about the only thing decipherable

on the paper.

The theory of Acting Captain Lonsdale is that the package was made up and dropped where it was found to create a sensation. The entrance to the railroad yards is closely guarded, however, and it is not easy to guess how any person got into them. The tracks between which the package was found aroused to bring trains into the station, and the last one to arrive ever them last night was the Southwestern Limited, which got in over the New-York Central line about fifteen minutes after the tackage was found. The backage could possibly have been dropped by a passenger arriving on an earlier train, but the railroad officials said that it could not have lain long before it was discovered, as people are constantly passing the spot where it was found. Chief Murray told a Tribine reporter that the powder was of medium size. It was too coarse for shotzuns and too fine for blasting purposes. It was something like the kind used in cannon, and burned rather showly. He said that if a person had stood ten or fifteen feet from the package and it had been ignited he would probably have received a considerable shock, but would not have been otherwise injuried. The package could not have been otherwise injuried. The package could not have blown a car off the track or created any serious result, because the powder in it was not sufficiently confined. Had the same amount of powder been placed in an iron or other metal receptacle, and then fired, much damage would have been done. The Chief, when he left the sub-station, took the powder with him. The theory of Acting Captain Lonsdale is that the

A WISE MAN WHO WAITED TO SEE.

THEN HE RELISHED THE TRIBUNE'S COLORED SUPPLEMENT-PRAISE FROM AN

Sir: I was somewhat amused to-day on reading rour editorial entitled "Nonsense and Wise Men." t brought vividly to my mind an alarming article from one of your neighbors the week preceding the first issue of the colored supplement by you. I could not help smiling at the language used by and was almost persuaded to write you a protest, supplements as I see occasionally in "The World" associated with The Tribune. It seemed almost like printing a comic almanac in connection with

But, on second thoughts, I thought I would wait

"A little nonscense now and then is relished by the wisest men." "A little nonscense now and then Is relished by the wisest men."

I think no one will ever accuse you of wilfully disregarding or failing to treat with due respect the wishes of your readers, especially those who have read your paper for many years. As for myself. I have read The Tribune from its first issue, self. I have read The Tribune from its first issue, self. I have read The Tribune from its first issue, and the time of course I occasionally buy a copy of "The Sun"; but "The World" never!

I have been a lifelong admirer of the founder of The Tribune, and was always ready to follow where he led, until he went into the Democratic party. I had to draw a line at that. It is useless to draw this out to a greater length, and I will close by assuring you that I heartily indorse every word of your article to-day. May The Tribune meyer do anything worse than the publishing of such a supplement as it gives at present.

Middletown, Cond., Nov. 15, 1896.

## AN ADMIRER OF "TWINKLES."

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: I have seen your Sunday Tribune, with supplement. Can I not subscribe for "Twinkles" alone: plement. Can I not subscribe for "Twinkies" alone:
I take now seventeen papers, and as large a paper
as The Sunday Tribune is too much for me. The
doctors have all told me that I must not read so
much. I have so many papers that I am going to
reduce. It is of no use to have so many papers;
but "Twinkies" I would like to get, either every
week or else once a month. Please inform me if I
cannot get "Twinkies" alone. It is the best paper
to suit my taste that I have ever seen, and I have
been taking "Truth," "Judge, "Puck," "Texas
Siftings," "Up to Date," "Life," and "Brooklyn
Life," "We, November 9, 1886. been taking "Truth," Judge, "Fishings," "Up to Date," "Life," a Life," Waupaca, Wis., November 9, 1896.

The Tribune suggests to Mr. Dall that after he has subscribed for that sterling weekly, "The Waupaca Republican," and the neighboring daily, "The Baraboo News," with both of which, by the way. The Tribune is clubbing, he might order The Sunday Tribur.e-and with it he will get "Twinkles" too-and then see if he cannot materially reduce the number of his seventeen papers. With the three papers named he will have all the local and general news, the best information as to life and seciety and their higher interests in the big bustling world at large, and the entertainment to be derived from looking at his fellow-countrymen through the spectacles of the comic artist and the witty paragraphist. "Twinkles" goes with The Sunday Tribune. If he subscribes for the one, he will get the other (at the low price of \$2 a year).

THE WOMAN'S PAGE COMMENDED. To the Editor of The Tribure.

Sir: I want to thank you for the "Woman's Page," and also for the good report of the W. C. T. U. Convention in St. Louis. If you would only keep out "the senseless nothings," the paper would be the best of its kind that is published.

Purchase, N. Y., November 16, 1896. "TRUBEL" FOR A JERSEY TEACHER.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: What do you think of the following? It is an exact copy (name omitted) of a note recently received by a public school teacher, within fifty miles of the great metropolis, in this enlight

ed age! December the 11 1886.

December the 11 1886 per vo Sent my boy from skoll becaus he hant A Noat I Wont him home to Work know if yo give me Much more trubel I Will come up and give yo A pair of black eyes and doant from Q—X—) teacher this Noate bisnes is Nuisenes and We had beter close the Skull hose doore than it is A going this is giveng a good eal of trubel this way know more at presant Dover, N. J., Nov. 14, 1886.

N. RAYS.

#### A. S. CLAY ELECTED SENATOR. Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 17.-The General Assembly to-

day elected Alexander Stephens Clay United States Senator for the term beginning March 4, 1897. The Republicans voted for J. F. Hanson, of Macon, and the Populists for General Phillips, of Marietta. To-morrow a State Convention will be held for

the purpose of nominating four candidates for the Supreme Court, to be voted for at a special election on December 8. It is generally conceded that Justice Samuel Lumpkin will be renominated without opposition.

NAPOLEON SARONY'S WILL.

#### HIS PHOTOGRAPHIC NEGATIVES AND APPA-RATUS BEQUEATHED TO HIS SON WITH WHICH TO CARRY ON THE BUSINESS.

The will of Napoleon Sarony, the artist and photographer, who died on November 9, was offered for probate at the office of the Surrogate yesterday. The affidavit accompanying the petition for pro-bate states that Mr. Sarony did not own any real property in this State, and that the value of the rsonalty cannot now be ascertained.

The sum of \$1,500 is given by Mr. Sarony to his daughter, Mary Fry, who is living in London. The sum of \$500 is given to Jennie Fischer, who lives at Scarborough, England, "she being so advantageously situated as not to need pecuniary remem brance, but I desire to testify that my regard for her is in no degree less than for my other children." He leaves his photographic negatives, the boxes or other receptacles in which they may be contained, the books wherein the same are registered, and cameras, lenses and other articles used in his business, together with the good-will of that business, to his son, Otto Sarony, who is to carry on the business which Mr. Sarony conducted in his lifetime. From the profits he is to retain the sum of \$15 per week as his salary, with one-third of the rest of the money, and to pay another third to his mother, Mrs. Louie Barony. The third share of the profits was to have been paid to Mr. Sarony's daughter. Belle, but she died before her father. The remainder of the estate is left to the widow, Louie Sarony, and the son. The executors named are the son, Otto Sarony, and Guernsey Sackett. The will was made in October, 1885. other receptacles in which they may be contained,

LEGACIES TO MASSACHUSETTS MASONS. Beston, Nov. 17.-The will of John H. Collamore was filed to-day in the Suffolk Probate Office. It gives \$65,500 to Masonry. The largest legacy is one of \$50,000, bestowed upon the Masonic Education and Charity Fund, to be held by the Board having charge of that fund until the gift, with its accumu lations, shall amount to \$100,000. Then the \$100,000 is to constitute a fund to be called the "John H. Collamore Fund," and is to be devoted to the relief of members of the Masonic fraternity of the Massa-causetts lodges, and their widows and children. The will also gives \$500 each to thirty-three Masonic lodges, of which the testator was an honorary members.

KALTWASSER'S WIDOW NOT MENTIONED. The will of Charles Kaltwasser, who died in Germany on May 7, was filed at the Surrogate's Office The estate is left in trust, the income to be paid to his son until he reaches the age of twenty-one years, when he is to receive the principal. If he shall not live to reach that age the principul. If he shall not live to reach that age the property will go to Mr. Kaltwasser's mother, Louisa Kaltwasser. Mr. Kaltwasser left a widow, Mrs. Rosie Kaltwasser, living at No. 80 Second-ave, but she is not mentioned in the will. The estate is valued at about \$5,000.

### OBITUARY.

JUDGE L. C. PARKER.

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 17.-Judge I. C. Parker died at 2:40 o'clock this morning. Death was not unexpected, as the Judge had been sick three months, and for several weeks his friends have been convinced that recovery was impossible.

Judge Parker was the best-known and probably the most honored citizen of Fort Smith. than twenty-one years he had presided over the United States Court here, his jurisdiction extending to Colorado. For many years the Indian Territory was overrun with outlaws and fugitives from justice from other States. His enforcement of laws soon made his name a terror to them. He than 3,000 criminals to the penitentiary. Among the noted outlaws tried before him were "Bob" Dalton "Bill" Cook, Eugene Standley, "Cherokee Bill," Jim" French, Henry Starr and Waucootah Hamp ton. Judge Parker did more than any one else to make the Indian Territory habitable for peaceable

citizens.

Judge Parker was born in Belmont County, Ohio, on October 15, 1828. He moved to St. Joseph, Mo., in 1858 and lived there until appointed to the place he held at the time of his death. He was City Attorney of St. Joseph, provost marshai during the war, and later was elected State's Attorney, Judge and to Congress from that district. He was married there.

## DR. GUSTAVUS A. SABINE.

Dr. Gustavus A. Sabine died at his home, No. 43 He had been in East Sixty-eighth-st., yesterday. feeble health for six months or more, due largely to advanced age. He was eighty-five years old.

Dr. Sabine was born on June 27, 1809, in County Dorset, England, and when fifteen years old was a student of medicine in the office of Dr. MacIntire in London. He remained there four years, and then entered Middlesex Hospital, London. In 1822 he re mitting myself. And when I saw the first one I was glad I did. I see nothing in your supplement that can reasonably be objected to by the most fastidious. I agree with you that: daughter of the late Captain Tufnell of the British

At various periods of his career in this city, as general practitioner. Dr. Sabine was curator of the New-York Hospital, demonstrator of anatomy in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, consulting surgeon to the Quarantine Hospital and the Wo-man's Hospital. He was a member of the New-York Academy of Medicine, the County Medical So-ciety and of other medical societies and charitable and religious associations. He retired from practice about ten years ago. A widow, one son and three daughters survive him.

## MRS. LUCY C. FREEDLEY.

Boston, Nov. 17.-Mrs. Lucy C. Freedley, the first woman to secure a pass to the Southern battle-fields, died last Saturday, eighty-two years old. Her second husband, William Freedley, of Philadel-phia died just before the Civil War, leaving her a fortune. She was of retiring nature, yet, inspired by patriotism, and seeking no remuneration, she went to the front without training, and for three years of the war nursed the soldiers on the battle-fields. Since the war Mrs. Freedley had lived in

## WILLIAM T. BARTLETT.

New-Haven, Conn., Nov. 17 .- William T. Bartlett, reasurer of the Union Trust Company, died this afternoon. He was a prominent figure in business here for about fifty years. At one time he was secretary of the New-Haven and New-London Railroad. He leaves a widow and four children.

## ST. PAUL EARNINGS.

Chicago, Nov. 17.-Earnings of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad for the second week of November were \$638.515; for the correspot veek of 1886, \$852,568, a decrease of \$216,658.

## THE WEATHER REPORT.

TESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S PORECAST. Washington, Nov. 17.—The pressure continues high over he Atlantic and Gulf States; it is highest on the South the Atlantic and Gulf States; it is highest on the South Atlantic Coast; it is also high over the lake region and thence westward to Montana, the area of high pressure being central in Alberta. The pressure is relatively low over the Rocky Mountain plateau. The barometer has risen in Northern New-England, the lake region and on the North Pacific Coast; it has fallen in the Upper Missouri Vailey. The temperature is higher on the New-England Coast, and decidedly cooler in the lake region and on the Middle Rocky Mountain slope. The weather will continue generally fair throughout the South Atlantic will continue generally fair throughout the South Atlantic and Guif States. Threatening weather with occasional light rain or snow is indicated for New-England, the lake region, the Upper Missianippi and Missouri valleys. The changes in temperature will be moderate in all districts.

#### DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. For Maine, New-Harrishire and Vermont, threatening eather, possibly occasional light showers; colder; north-

For Massachusotts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, partly cloudy weather; colder; westerly winds becoming For Eastern New-York, threatening weather, possibly pecoming variable.

For the District of Columbia, Delaware, Maryland.

For the District of Columbia, Delaware, Maryland, Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, partly cloudy weather; slightly cooler; southerly winds becoming north-westerly. For Western Pennsylvania, Western New-York and Ohio, threatening weather, with occasional light showers; cooler; light variable winds.

## TRIBUNE LCCAL OBSERVATIONS



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted time represents the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy. Tribune Office, Nov. 18, 1 a. m.—The weather ye

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." That is the way with a Cold. A few little doses of Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant often saves a long sickness, if not something more serious.

MARRIED. FLOYD-JONES-FERRIS-At the residence of the bride, on Tuesday, November 17, 1896, by the Rev. William Grosvenor, Lillian I. Ferris to William Floyd-Jones, of New-York.

Notices of marriages and deaths must be co-dorsed with full name and address.

BASS—At Plainfield, N. J., November 15, 1806, W. Alex. Bass, in the 70th year of his age.
Funeral from his late residence, West 8th-st., Plainfield, Wednesday, November 18, at 3 p. m. Train leaves foot Liberty-st., New-Jersey Central Railroad, at 1:30 p. m. Liberty-st., New-Jersey Central Railroad, at 1:30 p. m.
BREED—At Yonkers-on-Hudson. November 16, 1898, Mrs.
Marion Parsons Breed, widow of Abel D. Breed, et
New-York City.
Funeral from her late residence. No. 400 Warburton—ava.,
Yonkers, N. Y., Wednezday, 18th inst., at 2 o'clock.
Burial at Cleveland, Obio.
CURTINS—At Norfolk Conn., on November 16, Philip E.
Curtiss, in the 13d year of his age.
Funeral from his late residence, on November 19, at 2:30
p. m.

Relatives and friends are nyited to attend.

PARRINGTON—Suddenly, on November 15, at Mount Vernon, N. Y., Jonas Smith W. Farrington, in his 724 year.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral nervices at his late residence, No. 213 South 35-ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Wednesday evening, November 18, at 7:30 o'clock.

Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of the 6:30 trains from Grand Central Depot, N. H. R. R. Interment Thursday morning at St. Paul's Cemetery.

GAY—At Newburg, N. Y., on November 10, 1908, William A. Gay, in the 70th year of his age.

Funeral nervices will be held at his late residence, Newburg, N. Y., on Wednesday, November 19, at 2 o'clock p. m.

p. m.
HigGins on Tuesday, November 17, 1898, Elizabeth P.
Higgins, wife of Barton B. Higgins.
Funeral services at her late home, San Remo Hotel, 75thst. and Central Park West, on Thursday evening, November 19, at 7230 o'clock.
Interment at the convenience of the family. NOXON—At her residence, in Rhinecliff, N. Y., Rachel E., Noxon, wife of W. B. Noxon. Funeral from the house, 2:30 p. m., Thursday, November 19. GS-Early Monday morning, November 16, Caroline widow of George Riggs. reral at 12 noon, Wednesday, from Church of the cension, 5th-ave, and 10th-st. SABINE—On Tuesday, November 17, Dr. Gustavus & Sabine, in the 88th year of his age, at his residence, No. 43 East 68th-8t.

Funeral services will be private.

WOODLAWN CEMETERY.
Office No. 20 E. 23d-st.
Woodlawn Station (24th Ward) Harlem Railroad.

#### Special Notices.

American Art Galleries, MADISON SQUARE SOUTH.

FREE VIEW 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M. MRS. RICHARD MANSFIELD'S Collection of Rare Tapestries, Antique and Modern

Furniture, Curtaine, Rugs, Paintings,

Bric-a-Brac, Arms, Upright Pianos, by

Sohmer and Pelton, Etc., Etc. To Be Sold at Public Sale On To-morrow (Thursday) and Friday Afternoons, Nov. 19th and 20th, Bee ginning Promptly at 3 o'clock.

THOMAS E. KIRBY, Auctioneer AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, MANAGERS. 6 EAST 23D ST., MADISON SQUAPE SOUTH.

FINE BOOKBINDINGS, CHOICE BOOKS IN
BEAUTIFUL AND UNIQUE BINDINGS, REPRESENT ING THE HIGHEST SKILL OF THE

BEST BINDERS OF

Special Exhibition

PARIS, LONDON AND NEW YORK OLD FRENCH, OLD SCOTCH AND OLD ENGLISH WORK

ALL THE BOOKS IN THE COLLECTION ARE FOR SALE, TO BE DELIVERED AFTER THE EXHIBITION. CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, 153-157 Fifth Avenue.

The Mercantile Library,

STOR PLACE

Branches: 426 Fifth Ave, and 120 Broadway.

Books delivered to all parts of the city.

The Crown Lavender Salts.

Most refreshing and invigorating! Best cure for ache and depression. Sold everywhere. Reject im Postoffice Notice.

Postoffice Notice.

Foreign mails for the week ending November 21 will close (promptly in all cases) at this office as follows:

TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

WEDNESDAY—At 7 a. m. (supplementary 9 a. m.) for Europe, per s. s. \*New-York, via Southampton (detters for Ireland must be directed "per New-York"); at 6 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. \*Majestle, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Beigium direct, per s. s. Friesland, via Antwerp (letters must be directed "per Priceland").

THURSDAY—At 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Zanadam, via Amsterdam (letters must be directed "per Zasedam").

be directed "per Friesland"). THURSDAY—At 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. a. Zaandam, via Amsterdam (letters must be directed "per Zaandam").

8ATURDAY—At 2:30 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. \*Lucania, via Queenstown (letters for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt and British India must be directed "per Lucania"), at 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Werkendam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Kaiser Wilhelm II") at 8 a. m. for Genoa, per s. s. Kaiser Wilhelm II (letters must be directed "per Kaiser Wilhelm II") at 9 a. m. for Genoa, per s. s. Kaiser Wilhelm II (letters must be directed "per Kaiser Wilhelm II") at 9 a. m. supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt and Hritish India, per s. s. \*La Touraine, via Havre dietters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per Anchoria"); at 16 a. m. for Scotland direct, per s. s. Anchoria, via diasow dietters must be directed "per Anchoria"); at 16 a. m. for Scotland direct, per s. s. Anchoria, via diasow dietters must be directed "per Anchoria"); at 16 a. m. for Germany, and specially addressed printed matter, etc., for dome parts of Europe. White Star steamer, etc., for Genoal Scotland Scotland Scotland, and specially addressed printed matter, etc., for German Scotland, and septimed matter, etc., for German Scotland, and septimed matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mill.

After the closing of the supplementary maistante mails named above, additional supplementary take printed mails named above, additional supplem

German steamers, and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS POR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WEST INDIES.

WEDNESDAY—At 8 a. m. for Cape Hayff, per s. s. Ville de Maraire detters for Venezueia, Curacno, Guadeloupe and Martinique must be directed "per Ville de Manaire"); at 12:30 p. m. (supplementary 1 p. m.) for St. Thomas, St. Croix, Leeward and Windward leiands, Martinique and Barbados, per s. s. Caribbes (detters for Grenals, Trinidad and Tobago must be directed "per Caribbes"); at 1 p. m. for Cuba, per s. s. Orizaba, via Hayana.

THURSDAY—At J p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for Bermuda, per s. s. Orizaba, via Hayana.

THURSDAY—At J p. m. (supplementary 11 a. m.) for Cuba, per s. Santiago.

FRIDAY—At 10 a. m. (supplementary 11 a. m.) for Central America (except Costa Rica) and South Pacific ports, per s. s. Valencia, via Colon Getters for Guatemaia must be directed "per Valencia"); at 11 a. m. for Mexico, per s. s. C. Condal, via Progreso and Vera Cruz (eletters must be directed "per C. Condal"); at 11:30 a. m. for La Piata Countries direct per s. s. Poellena

ATTRIDAY—At 6:30 s. m. for Brazil and La Plata

at 11:30 a. m. for La Piata Countries direct per a. a. Foeliena.

SATURDAY—At 6:30 a. m. for Brazil and La Plata Countries per s. s. Buffon, via Pernambusco Bahia. Bid Janeiro and Santos dietters for North Brazil must be directed "per Buffon"; at 10 a. m. supplementary 10:38 a. m.) for Fortune Island, Jamaica, Savanilla and Carthagena, per s. s. Alleghany; at 10 a. m. supplementary 10:30 a. m. if or Forentie and Greytown, per s. s. Ardanrose (letters for Costa Rica must be directed "per Ardanrose"; at 10:30 a. in. for Campeche, Chiapas, Tobasco and Tucatan, per v. s. Yucatan detters for other parts of Mexico and for Cuba must be directed "per Fucatan"); at 12 m. for North Brazil, per s. s. Hilary, via Para, Maranham and Ceara.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Miquelon by rail to Boston, and thence by steamers, alling Mondays and Thursdays) from Port Tamps. Fla. Mails for Mexico, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamers, close at this office of dispatch by steamers, elone at the office sally at 7 a. m. fregistered mail closes at 6 p. m. pravicus day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China and Japan, per a. s. Olympia (from Tacoma), close here daily up to November 118 at 6.34 p. m. Mails for the Society Islands, per ship Gallies (from San Francisco), close here daily up to November 24 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. a. City of Peking (from San Francisco), close here daily up to November 25 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Hawail, per a. s. Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to November 20 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan (specially addressed only), per s. s. Empress of China (from Vancouver), close here daily up to November 20 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except West Australia). Hawail and Flyi Islands, per s. s. Warrimoo (from Vancouver), close here daily up to November 7 and up to December 1 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except those for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europe). New-Zealand, Hawail, Flyi and Samoan Islands, per s. s. Alameda (from San Francisco), close here daily up to December 15 at 7.30 s. m. 11 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. (or on arrival at New-York et s. s. Umbrias with Eritish mails for Australia).

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of saiting daily and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. Regulated and Company of the schedule of coloning is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. Regulated and the schedules of the province of the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit.

## Religione Notices.

MINS WRAY, son evangelist; Professor BROWN leist of opera fame; Colonel HADLEY and others Bartholomew's Rescue Mission, 424-51, every night week. Special meetings to-night and Friday nights